CIRIR programs: drilling and research opportunities at the Rochechouart Impact Structure

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CIRIR PROGRAMS: DRILLING AND RESEARCH OPPORTUNITIES AT THE ROCHECHOUART IMPACT STRUCTURE. P. Lambert1, Alwmark C.2, Baratoux D.2, Brack A.2, Brunet P.3, Buchner E.5, Chevremont P.7, Claeys P.8, Dence M.R.9, Floch J.P.10, French B.M.11, Gattacceca J.12, Gibson R.L.13, Goderis S.14, Grieve R.A.F.15, Hodges K.V.16, Hörz F.17, Jourdan F.18, Kelley S.P.19, Kenkmann T.20, Kring D.A.21, Langenhorst F.22, Lee M.R.23, Lindgren P.24, Lofi J.25, Lorand J.P.26, Luais B.27, Masaitis V.28, Meunier A.29, Moore C.B.30, Ormø J.31, Osiński G.S.32, Petit S.33, Pohl J.34, Quesnel Y.35, Reeves H.36, Rochette P.37, Sapers H.M.38, Schmieder M.39, Schultz P.H.40, Schwenzer S.P.41, Shoemaker C.S.42, Stöffler D.43, Trumel H.44, Westall F.45, Wittmann A.46, and Wünne mann K.47. CIRIR—Center for International Research on Impacts and on Rochechouart—2, Faubourg du Puy Moulin-87600 Rochechouart-France, lambertbdx@gmail.com, 2carl.alwmark@geol.lu.se, 3david.baratoux@get.obs-mip.fr, 4brack@cnrs-orleans.fr, 5p.brunet@orange.fr, 6Elmar.Buchner@hs-ulm.de, 7phil.chevremont@gmail.com, 8phclaeyx@vub.ac.be, 9mdence@rogers.com, 10jpflloch@gmail.com, 11FRENCHB@si.edu, 12gattacceca@cerege.fr, 13roger.gibson@wits.ac.za, 14Steven.Goderis@vub.ac.be, 15grieve@ncrcan.gc.ca, 16kvhodges@asu.edu, 17fhorz@aol.com, 18F.Jourdan@exchange.curtin.edu.au, 19simon.kelley@open.ac.uk, 20thomas.kenkmann@geologie.uni-freiburg.de, 21Kring@lpi.usra.edu, 22falko.langenhorst@uni-jena.de, 23Martin.Lee@glasgow.ac.uk, 24Paula.Lindgren@glasgow.ac.uk, 25johanna.lofi@gm.univ-montp2.fr, 26Jean-Pierre.Lorand@univ-nantes.fr, 27luais@crpg.cnrs-nancy.fr, 28vcsmith@mail.ru, 29alain.meunier@univ-poitiers.fr, 30CMoore@asu.edu, 31ormoj@cab.inta-csic.es, 32gosinski@uwo.ca, 33sabine.petit@univ-poitiers.fr, 34pohl@geophysik.uni-muenchen.de, 35quesnel@cerege.fr, 36nelly@hubertrees.info, 37rocchette@cerege.fr, 38haley.sapers@gmail.com, 39martin@suevite.com, 40peter_schultz@brown.edu, 41susanne.schwenzer@open.ac.uk, 42mrscomet3@aspect1.net, 43dieter.stoeffler@mfn-berlin.de, 44herve.trumel@wanadoo.fr, 45frances.westall@cnrs-orleans.fr, 46axel.wittmann@asu.edu, 47kai.wuennemann@mfn-berlin.de

Introduction: Owing to its size, accessibility and erosional level, the Rochechouart impact structure [1], dated at ~203 ± 2 Ma (recalc.) [2], occupies a critical position within the population of rare terrestrial analogs to the large impact craters observed on planetary surfaces [1–4]. The site allows direct access to researchers investigating fundamental mechanisms both in impact-related geology (origin and evolution of planets) and biology (habitability of planets, emergence and evolution of life). For the last decade P. Lambert has been promoting Rochechouart as an International Natural Laboratory for studying impact processes and collateral effects on planetary surfaces. For this purpose the Center for International Research on Impacts and on Rochechouart (CIRIR) was installed on site in 2016 with twofold objectives and activities. The first is scientific; the second is cultural and educational and dedicated to the public sensu lato. We present here the CIRIR, its scientific programs and the related research opportunities.

CIRIR Status: CIRIR is a public initiative of the Rochechouart regional territories in the form of an Association composed exclusively of public officials. It is entirely funded by public money. CIRIR is placed under the governance of a fully independent Director reporting to the public authorities and covering both scientific and public-oriented activities.

Scientific Objectives: The CIRIR aims at developing research on Rochechouart impact crater and on impact-related processes of planetary significance, such as the development of an impact-triggered hydrothermal cell, or the subsurface crater modification and readjustment mechanisms, that are particularly accessible and well exposed at Rochechouart impact structure.

CIRIR is initially planned as a resource facility for ground-truth data mining. It is a base camp for further field studies and a unique dynamic data/sample library. It aims at collecting and curating materials and data within the impact structure, sensu lato, far more than just the preserved breccia deposits marking the bottom of the initial crater, and far beyond the actual perimeter of the “Reserve Naturelle Nationale de l’Astrobôme de Rochechouart-Chassenon” (NNR).

CIRIR also instigates and leads incentive measures such as the 2017 drilling campaign in/by the NNR.

Means and Programs: The CIRIR facility comprises two buildings, one for the Rochechouart sample facility and the second for accommodating visiting scientists and students including space and equipment for sample preparation and for petrologic observation.

For achieving its ambitious objectives, the CIRIR involves and coordinates both scientists and the public in a participative approach. This includes the establishment and management of a continuous and systematic sampling campaign (ground and drilling) of the greater Rochechouart structure (proximal and distal zones). Scientists, as well as landowners, local public authorities, and enterprises on site will participate in the CIRIR as providers of the “raw material”, offsetting the vegetation and relative paucity of outcrops.

The CIRIR includes a small headquarters with the director on-site and a large network of collaborators.
worldwide with 3 active teams plus a group of retired legendary peers of the discipline forming the “Comité des Sages” (see Table 1). All members of CIRIR are contractually linked and engaged in a common goal: the implementation of active research and/or outreach, related to materials and data collected in/on the territories affected by the impact. One team deals with the public relations, education, cultural and related activities, a second with research, and the third one is transversal and provides support to the others. The first two teams (PI teams) are composed of individuals and groups with the capacity to set up and lead independent project(s). The PIs have the discretion to design and implement their projects in full independence, but all projects comply with the group rules. They are placed under the supervision of the “Comité des Sages”, and the CIRIR Director coordinates the whole exercise. All projects are visible and will benefit all members. The CIRIR headquarters provides the materials and support (coordination, administration, sample management, field assistance, including lodging and facilities on site), but does not fund projects. It is up to each PI to raise support for their project(s). In case of overlap or risk of conflict between project(s), PIs involved have agreed to group and to share tasks under the coordination of one of them. 

The 2017 Drilling Campaign at Rochechouart: The first major initiative of CIRIR scientific programs is the organization and the management of the first scientific drilling campaign ever conducted at the Rochechouart impact structure. The program is endorsed and funded by the NNR [4]. Over 20 shallow drill holes targeting 350-400 m in cumulated length will be distributed over 8 sites spread along two 10 km radial traverses across the center of the structure [4]. Beyond specific issues such as initial crater size and morphology, age of impact, distal effects, characteristics of the target and of the projectile, major scientific objectives are similar to those of the 2016 drilling program at Chicxulub [5]. This includes crater formation mechanics, characterization of impact-induced alteration processes, and the evaluation of possible effects of large impacts on the habitability of planets and the emergence of life. 

Conclusions and Perspectives: CIRIR and its programs are set, operational and launched. They will result in immediate research opportunities with the promises of a better understanding of Rochechouart, of large impacts and of their collateral effects on Earth and on planetary surfaces. Those interested in joining and in contributing to our programs are welcome to contact us with their expressions of interest. Practical details and projects will be further developed at the time of the conference.